VILLAGE OF BLISSFIELD, MICHIGAN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended September 30, 2008

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE NUMBER
Management's Discussion and Analysis	i – vii
Independent Auditors' Report	1 – 2
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets	3 – 4
Statement of Activities	5 – 6
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	7
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental	
Funds to the Statement of Net Assets	8
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	9 – 10
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	
and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	
to the Statement of Activities	11
Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual:	
General Fund	12 – 13
Major Street	14
Local Street	15
Statement of Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	16 – 17
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	
Fund Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	18
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	19 – 20
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds –	
Agency Type	21
Notes to Financial Statements	22 – 40
Required Supplemental Information:	
Schedule of Funding Progress – Village's Defined	
Benefit Pension Plan (MERS)	41
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	42
Combining Balance Sheet	42
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	42
Changes in Fund Balances	43
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual:	44
Capital Projects Fund	44
Debt Service	45
Building Inspection	46
Library Trust	47
Schedule of Indebtedness	48 – 55

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2008

As management of the Village of Blissfield, Michigan, we offer readers of the Village of Blissfield, Michigan's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village of Blissfield, Michigan for the year ended September 30, 2008. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Village of Blissfield, Michigan, excluding component unit, exceeded its liabilities at the close of the year ended September 30, 2008 \$10,171,302 (net assets). Of this amount, \$277,221 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net assets decreased \$466,745. This decrease is partially attributable to depreciation expense.
- At the close of the year ended September 30, 2008, the Village of Blissfield, Michigan's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$976,424, a decrease of (\$13,452) from September 30, 2007.
- At the end of the current year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$25,017, or 1.8 percent of total General Fund expenditures.
- The Village of Blissfield, Michigan's total debt decreased by \$471,057 during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village of Blissfield, Michigan's basic financial statements. The Village of Blissfield, Michigan's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village of Blissfield, Michigan's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Village of Blissfield, Michigan's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village of Blissfield, Michigan is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the year ended September 30, 2008. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village of Blissfield, Michigan that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Village of Blissfield, Michigan include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, public works, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the Village of Blissfield, Michigan include utility systems.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the Village of Blissfield, Michigan itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate Downtown Development Authority (DDA) for which the Village of Blissfield, Michigan is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 3-6 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village of Blissfield, Michigan, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village of Blissfield, Michigan can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the year ended September 30, 2008. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village of Blissfield, Michigan maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, street funds, and capital projects fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other six governmental funds are combined

into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The Village of Blissfield, Michigan adopts an annual appropriated budget for all funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for all governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 7 - 15 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The Village of Blissfield, Michigan maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village of Blissfield, Michigan uses an enterprise fund to account for its Utility Fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Village of Blissfield, Michigan's various functions. The Village of Blissfield, Michigan uses an internal service fund to account for equipment expense (Motor Vehicle Fund). Because this service predominantly benefits governmental rather than a business-type function it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Utility Fund, which is considered to be a major fund of the Village of Blissfield, Michigan. The internal service fund (Motor Vehicle Fund) is in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The basic fund financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 20 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village of Blissfield, Michigan's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 21 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on page 22-40 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the Village of Blissfield, Michigan's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on page 41 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pension. Combining statements and individual fund schedules can be found on pages 42 – 47 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village of Blissfield, Michigan, assets exceeded liabilities by \$10,171,302 at the close of the year ended September 30, 2008.

By far the largest portion of the Village of Blissfield, Michigan's net assets (89 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment, infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Village of Blissfield, Michigan uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village of Blissfield, Michigan's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Village of Blissfield, Michigan's Net Assets

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Aetivities</u>	2008 <u>Total</u>	2007 <u>Total</u>
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 2,205,907 5,520,633	\$ 256,125 	\$ 2,462,032 16,799,070	\$ 2,391,282
Total assets	\$ 7,726,540	<u>\$ 11,534,562</u>	\$ 19,261,102	\$ 20,101,612
Long term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	2,170,044 1,207,126	5,225,788 486,842	7,395,832 1,693,968	7,881,889 1,581,676
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 3,377,170</u>	\$ 5,712,630	\$ 9,089,800	<u>\$ 9,463,565</u>
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of				
related debt	3,325,633	5,702,426	9,028,059	9,469,319
Restricted	748,661	117,361	866,022	958,881
Unrestricted	<u>273,876</u>	3,345	277,221	209,847
Total net assets	<u>\$ 4,348,170</u>	\$ 5.823,132	\$ 10,171,302	<u>\$ 10,638,047</u>

An additional portion of the Village of Blissfield, Michigan's net assets (8.5 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted* net assets \$277,221 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village of Blissfield, Michigan is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Village of Blissfield, Michigan uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

As of the year ended September 30, 2008, the Village of Blissfield, Michigan's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$976,424, a decrease of (\$13,452) in comparison with the balance at September 30, 2007. Reserved fund balance \$227,427 is not available for new spending since it already is committed and Special Revenue Funds have \$520,608 available for their special uses.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Village of Blissfield, Michigan. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$25,017.

The fund balance of the Village of Blissfield, Michigan's General Fund increased by \$17,134 during the year ended September 30, 2008

Proprietary fund - The Village of Blissfield, Michigan's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the utility fund at the end of the year amounted to \$3,345. The total increase in net assets for the fund was \$121,364.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Budgeting for FY07-08 was the third full 12-month fiscal year for the Village after the transition to an October 1 - September 30 fiscal year. Differences between the original FY07-08 budget and the final amended budget were generally routine in nature, with a few exceptions. In addition to the originally budgeted items in the General Fund, there were a few projects/activities that were ultimately funded that were not included in the original budget. These included a paperless agenda system for the Village Council, building repairs to the Village Office, increased solid waste disposal activities, and increased recreation programming. Conversely, the Department of Public Works' final budget was less then the original budget due to the elimination of some planned building improvements. It should be noted, however, that some of the increases were offset by corresponding increases in revenues (i.e., recreation programming).

One notable aspect of the General Fund's performance in FY07-08 was that the fund balance increased from \$7,883 to \$25,017, still much lower than that desired. This is the continuing result of the accounting technique required to show a \$160,000 inter-fund loan (from FY04-05) from the Local Street Fund to the General Fund. As of September 30, 2008, the General Fund owes a net payable to the Local Street Fund of \$112,000. Were this figure represented as part of the General Fund fund balance (as it will be upon complete repayment to the Local Street Fund), that year-end fund balance would then be \$137,017. As it is, though, this payable will decrease by \$16,000 per year for the next 7 years, and thus the General Fund fund balance (barring other factors) should increase by that annual amount over the same 7-year period.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Village of Blissfield, Michigan's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2008, amounts to \$16,799,072 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and utility systems, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges, and other infrastructure.

Capital asset purchased during the year ended September 30, 2008 were:

• Equipment (Motor Vehicle Fund) (\$23,210) and water plant equipment (\$51,859).

Village of Blissfield, Michigan's Capital Assets

	G	overnmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>		2008 Total	2007 <u>Total</u>	
Land	\$	298,271	\$	\$	298,271	\$	298,271
Land improvements		537,559			537,559		558,461
Buildings		382,971			382,971		403,649
Equipment, furniture, and books		265,840	36,064		301,904		381,478
Infrastructure	_	4.035,993	11,242.374		15.278.367]	6.068.471
Total	\$_	5,520,634	<u>\$ 11,278,438</u>	<u>\$</u>	16.799.072	<u>\$_1</u>	7.710,330

Additional information on the Village of Blissfield's capital assets can be found in Note 3. C. on pages 31 – 32.

Long-term debt. At the year ended September 30, 2008, the Village of Blissfield, Michigan had total bonded and contract debt outstanding, excluding component unit, of \$7,771,011. Of this amount, \$5,815,000 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of the Village of Blissfield, Michigan's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

Village of Blissfield, Michigan's Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	2008 <u>Total</u>	2007 <u>Total</u>
General obligation bonds Revenue bonds	\$ 2,195,000	\$ 3,620, 0 00 1,956.011	\$ 5,815,000 1.956.011	\$ 6,180,000 2.061.011
Total	<u>\$ 2,195,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,576.011</u>	<u>\$ 7.771.011</u>	<u>\$ 8.241.011</u>

The component unit (Downtown Development Authority) has total debt of \$497,825 at September 30, 2008. This debt consists of \$395,000 general obligation debt of the Village and \$102,825 in contract purchase debt.

Additional information on the Village of Blissfield, Michigan's long-term debt can be found in Note 3. E. and on pages 48 – 55 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following factors (some positive, some negative) were considered in preparing the Village of Blissfield's budget for FY08-09:

- The occupancy rate of the Village of Blissfield's central business district is currently 90%, up from 84% a year ago.
- Inflationary trends in the Village continue to compare favorably to national indices.
- State revenue sharing payments are yet again not expected to increase in FY08-09, and may decrease.
- Village property tax values are expected to increase by approximately 4.7% for FY08-09. However, no change in the tax millage rate as a result of Proposal A and the Headlee amendment will offset an expected total 4.7% increase in property values, essentially resulting in flattened property tax revenues. While still an issue, it is not as significant as some previous years.
- The Village faces several significant projects in the next several years, including a new Municipal office, a new DPW facility, water treatment plant improvements, and a streetscape project along US223 in the Village's downtown.
- The Village will work on stabilizing personnel costs, particularly health insurance costs, through considering various alternative plans for these benefits. Full-time fringe benefit costs could decrease to approximately 45% of wage costs if these efforts prove successful.

During FY08-09, while reducing the inter-fund payable to the Local Street Fund by \$16,000 (discussed elsewhere in this MD&A), the Village expects continued pressure on the General Fund's fund balance. Due to the limitations that affect revenues and spending in the general fund, the Village does not anticipate adding significantly to that fund balance (except through paying off the inter-fund payable). However, we do not anticipate the need to raise taxes during FY08-09. We do anticipate raising utility (water/sewer) rates and fees by 3.5% (just enough to try to cover inflation-based cost increases). It should again he noted that approximately 26.3% of these (utility rates support debt payments for projects mandated by the State of Michigan, such as a new water plant and a re-built wastewater plant.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village of Blissfield, Michigan's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Village of Blissfield, 408 East Adrian Street, P.O. Box 129, Blissfield, Michigan 49228.



December 16, 2008

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Village of Blissfield Lenawee County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Blissfield, Michigan, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village of Blissfield, Michigan's management. Our responsibility is to express opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Blissfield, Michigan, as of September 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and schedule of funding progress on pages i through vii and page 41 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Page 2

December 16, 2008

Village of Blissfield Lenawee County, Michigan

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Blissfield, Michigan's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedule, on pages 44 through 47, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the budgetary comparison schedule have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Robertson, Eaton & Owen, P.C.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

September 30, 2008

		PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	NMENT	COMP	COMPONENT UNIT
	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business – Type <u>Activities</u>	Total	Dove Deve	Downtown Development <u>Authority</u>
ASSETS:					
Cash/savings accounts	\$ 628,028	\$ 11,402	\$ 639,430	64)	529
Investments	1,138,325	134,084	1,272,409		322
Accounts receivables	137,925	179,257	317,182		185,437
Due from component unit	70,000	•	70,000		
Internal balance	231,629	(231,629)			
Inventory		35,611	35,611		
Restricted assets:					
Investments		127,400	127,400		
Capital assets:					
Land	298,271		298,271		
Land improvements	861,918		861,918		
Equipment; furniture; books	1,547,198	199,356	1,746,554		
Buildings	1,028,935		1,028,935		
Infrastructure	11,193,955	14,279,534	25,473,489		869,885
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(9,409,644)	(3,200,453)	(12,610,097)		(200,841)
Total assets	\$ 7,726,540	\$ 11,534,562	\$ 19,261,102	ક્સ	855,332

		PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	MENT	COMPONENT UNIT	T UNIT
	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business – Type <u>Activities</u>	<u> Total</u>	Downtown Development <u>Authority</u>	. =
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable	\$ 47,577	\$ 21,165	\$ 68,742	\$ 1,90	03
Accrued expenses	53,622	36,160	89,782	785	85
Due to primary government				70,000	00
Customer deposits		48,278	48,278		
Deferred revenue	934,967		934,967		
Mature bonds and interest payable	172,160	380,039	552,199	64,041	41
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due within one year	64,532	19,777	84,309		
Due in more than one year	2,105,512	5,206,011	7,311,523	433,785	85
Total liabilities	3,378,370	5,711,430	008,680,6	570,514	14
NET ASSETS:					
Invested in capital assets, net of					
related debt	3,325,633	5,702,426	9,028,059	171,228	28
Restricted for:					
Highways and streets	365,804		365,804		
Public safety	26,765		26,765		
Culture and recreation	349,872		349,872		
Debt Service	6,220	117,361	123,581		11
Unrestricted	273,876	3,345	277,221	113,579	79
l otal net assets	\$ 4,348,170	\$ 5,823,132	\$ 10,171,302	\$ 284,818	8

The notes to the financial statements are an integral pat of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2008

			PROGRAM REVE	NUES
•	<u>Expense</u>	Charges For <u>Services</u>	Operating Grants And Contributions	Capital Grants And <u>Contributions</u>
Functions/Programs				
Primary Government:				
Governmental activities:	n 225	055 0 40.375	•	ŕ
General government	\$ 335,			\$
Public safety	641,		2,699	
Public works	,	943		
Sanitation		083 715 97,254		
Culture and recreation	619,	-	223,413	
Highways and streets	1,116,		223,413	
Interest on long term debt	95,	<u> </u>		
Total governmental activities	2,896,	964 194,005	226,112	
Business-Type Activities:				
Utility systems	<u> </u>	<u>628</u> <u>1.808,983</u>	85,040	 _
Total business-type activities	1,904,	628 1,808,983	85,040	
Total primary government	\$ 4,801.	<u>\$ 2,002,988</u>	<u>\$ 311,152</u>	<u>s - </u>
Component Unit: Downtown Development Authority Interest on long term debt	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total component unit	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>

General Revenues:

Property taxes
Intergovernmental – State
Licenses, fees, and fines
Contributions not restricted to specific programs
Unrestricted investment earnings
Miscellaneous revenues
Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning of year

Net assets - end of year

NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	PRIMARY GOVERNMEN	TT	COMPONENT UNIT
Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	Downtown Development Authority
\$ (286,880) (590,338) (65,943) (23,083) (522,461) (892,982) (95,160)	\$	\$ (286,880) (590,338) (65,943) (23,083) (522,461) (892,982) (95,160)	S
(2,476,847)		(2,476,847)	
\$ (2,476,847)	(10,605) (10,605) \$ (10,605)	(10,605) (10,605) \$ (2,487,452)	<u> </u>
\$ \$	\$ \$	\$ \$	\$ (258,916) (34,386) \$(293,302)
\$ 1,279,027 319,898 101,016 66,590	S	\$ 1,279,027 319,898 101,016 66,590	\$ 168,675 78,387
43,273 53,934 25,000	28,751 128,218 (25,000)	72,024 182,152	27,653
1,888,738	131,969	2,020,707	277,286
(588,109)	121,364	(466,745)	(16,016)
4,936,279	5,701,768	10,638,047	300,834
<u>\$ 4,348,170</u>	<u>\$ 5,823,132</u>	<u>\$ 10,171,302</u>	<u>\$ 284,818</u>

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2008 (With Comparative Totals for September 30, 2007)

ial ntal Funds <u>2007</u>	\$ 365,935 1,277,681	164,477 225,942 128,000	\$ 2,162,035		25,008 36,932 20,759 128,000 67,770	1,172,159	6,043 21,122 36,000 51,000 128,000	7,883 638,034 101,182 612	989,87 <u>6</u> \$ 2.162.035
Total Governmental Funds 2008	\$ 608,432 1,023,741	92,049 306,667 70,000 112,000	\$ 2,212,889		43,413 51,369 30,184 112,000 64,532	1,236,465	6,220 22,207 36,000 51,000 112,000	25,017 520,608 202,746 626	\$ 2,212,889
Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>	\$ 119,034 378,039	70,000 23,000	\$ 590,073		1,456	4,470	6,220 22,207 36,000 51,000	266,804 202,746 62 <u>6</u>	\$ 590,073
Local Street	\$ 62,732 204,610	81,336 184,384 112,000	\$ 645,062		13,332 2,573 25,276	370,859	112,000	162,203	274,203 \$ 645,062
Major Street	\$ 62,565 40,270	2,816	\$ 105,651		12,140 1,643 267	14,050		91,601	\$ 105,651
General	\$ 364,101 400,822	7,897 52,283 47,000	\$ 872,103		16,485 47,153 1,627 112,000 64,532	847,086		25,017	\$ 872.103
ASSETS	Cash/savings accounts Investments at cost	Accounts Accounts Due from other funds Due from component unit Advance to other funds	Total assets	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Advance from other funds Accrued siek pay	Total habilities	Fund Balances: Reserved For: Debt service Police equipment Little league Advance	Onreserven, xeporteu xii: General Fund Special Revenue Funds Capital Projects Fund Permanent Funds	Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

September 30, 2008

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	\$ 5,520,635
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of equipment through equipment rental to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund (Motor Vehicle Fund) are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.	128,783
Accrued interest payable on long term debt is recognized in governmental funds when paid and not when accrued	(57,160)
Long-term portion of accrued sick and vacation pay liability are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(25,512)
Bond and loan indebtedness are recognized in the governmental funds when paid and not when accrued.	(2,195,000)
Net differences	3,371,746
Total fund balance in governmental funds	976,424
Total net assets of governmental activities	<u>\$ 4,348,170</u>

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2008 (With Comparative Totals for September 30, 2007)

		Me i e	1	Other	T	Total
	General	Street	Street	Funds	2008	2007
Revenues: Property taxes Licenses, fees and charges for services Fines Intergovernmental Miscellaneous Interest Gifts	\$ 876,631 87,245 35,056 322,597 27,900 15,432	168,100	\$ 402,396 55,313 11,524 6,121	\$ 22,465 5,129 3,200 16,419 29,774	\$ 1,279,027 109,710 40,185 546,010 42,624 40,547 66,590	\$ 1,183,820 137,321 36,205 557,125 25,733 56,194
Total revenues	1,401,677	170,675	475,354	76,987	2,124,693	2,009,314
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works Sanitation Culture – recreation Highways and streets Debt Service: Principal Interest and agent fees Other	271,867 531,427 65,943 23,083 480,933	167,888	353,185	44,198 20,656 110,000 96,865	271,867 575,625 65,943 23,083 501,589 521,073 110,000 96,965	242,598 534,127 67,059 8,690 673,090 355,373 100,092
Total expenditures	1,373,353	167,888	353,185	271,719	2,166,145	2,086,064
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	28,324	2,787	122,169	(194,732)	(41,452)	(76,750)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances are different because:			
Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$	\$	(13,452)
Government funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. (Total capital outlay \$23,911 less total depreciation \$727,882)			(703,971)
This issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt.			
Debt incurred during current year Bond proceeds Less: Principal repayment	110,000		110,000
Internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of equipment through equipment rental to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of the Motor Vehicle Fund is reported with governmental activities.			17,331
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds –			
Accrued interest – net effect Accrued long-term leave – net effect			1,705 278
Change in net assets in governmental activities		<u>\$</u>	(588,109)

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted		Variance with Final Budget -		
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 902,760	\$ 910,000	\$ 876,63!	\$ (33,369)	
Licenses, fees and charges for services: Swimming pool and					
summer programs	37,000	48,920	48,879	(41)	
Licenses and permits	4,700	2,550	2,505	(45)	
Mobile home park fees	1,800	1,300	1,250	(50)	
Cable TV	37,000	34,600	34,611	11	
Total licenses, fees and					
charges for services	80,500	<u>87,370</u>	87,245	(125)	
Fines:	21.000	24.000	34,902	2	
Ordinance Parking	31,000 300	34,900 150	154	4	
, and the second				<u> </u>	
Total fines	31,300	35,050	35,056	6	
Intergovernmental revenue - State	320,000	320,000	319,898	(102)	
Intergovernmental revenue - grants	1,500	2,720	2,699	(21)	
Miscellaneous:					
Other	8.000	6,130	27,900	21,770	
Interest	19,000	15,500	15,432	(68)	
Gifts	000,01	37,000	36,816	(184)	
Total revenues	1,373,060	1,413,770	1,401,677	(12,093)	
Expenditures:					
General Government:	24.540	47,780	46,942	838	
Council Administrator	34,540 33,360	29,960	30,423	(463)	
Clerk and Treasurer	44,390	48,440	47,863	577	
Village Hall and grounds	86,380	106,560	103,776	2,784	
Planning Commission	9,350	12,530	12,520	10	
Professional service	27,050		30,343	(1,343)	
Total General Government			\$ 271,867		
rotal General Government	\$235,070	<u>\$ 274,270</u>	D _ Z/1,00/	\$ 2 <u>403</u>	

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – $\tt BUDGET$ AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	Variance with Final Budget -		
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Public Safety: Police Zoning administrator	\$ 511,040 6,190	\$ 517,200 6.090	\$ 525,344 6,083	\$ (8,144) 7
Total Public Safety	517,230	523,290	531,427	(8,137)
Public Works: Public improvements Public Works Department	11 ,3 30 68,980	9,970 54,310	10,268 55,675	(298) (1,365)
Total Public Works	80,310	64.280	65,943	(1,663)
Sanitation: Rubbish/recycling	8,500	23,170	23,083	87
Culture - Recreation: Library Pool Parks Boys Scouts Festival/recreation Urban forestry Total Culture - Recreation	171,460 82,420 73,970 2,100 26,500 107,920	171,000 79,150 76,710 1,500 41,240 111,630	171,739 78,911 70,357 1,407 42,872 115,647	(739) 239 6,353 93 (1,632) (4,017)
Debt service - interest			100	(100)
Total expenditures	1,305,480	1,366,240	1,373,353	(7.113)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	67,580	47,530	28,324	(19,206)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	10,900 (76,100)	26,120 (72,810)	3,810 (15,000)	(22,310) 57,810
Total other financing sources (uses)	(65,200)	(46.690)	(11,190)	35 <u>,500</u>
Net change in fund balance	2,380	840	17,134	16,294
Fund balance - beginning of year				
Fund balance - end of year			\$ 25,017	

MAJOR STREET SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget -			
	9	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>	Actu	al Amounts		ve (Negative)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental: State Highway Funds – Act 51 State Highway Funds –	\$	150,000	S	158,420	\$	158,347	\$	(73)
trunkline maintenance Miscellaneous:		10,000		10,240		9,753		(487)
Interest		2,400		2,580		2,575		(5)
Total revenues		162,400	_	171,240		170,675		(565)
Expenditures:								
Administration		13,620		14,500		14,223		277
Maintenance		50,330		78,640		80,376		(1,736)
Traffic		8,910		8,200		8,473		(273)
Winter maintenance		12,620		22,970		22,934		36
223 Highway		14,830		15,600		14,701		899
Municipal street lighting		29 <u>,000</u>		24,890		27,181		(2,291)
Total expenditures		129,310		164,800		167,888		(3,088)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								(2 (53)
over (under) expenditures		33,090		6,440		2,787		(3,653)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		29,000		23,200		23,208		8
Transfers out		(60,000)		(55,000)		(55,000)		
Total other financing								
sources (uses)		(31,000)		(31,800)		(31,792)		8
Net change in fund balance		2,090		(25,360)		(29,005)		(3,645)
Fund balance - beginning of year						120,606		
Fund balance - end of year					\$	91,601		

LOCAL STREET SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget -			
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>	<u>Actu</u>	al Amounts		ve (Negative)
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	419,820	\$	420,000	\$	402,396	\$	(17,604)
Intergovernmental: State Highway Funds –								
Act 51		52,200		55,350		55,313		(37)
Miscellaneous:		,		,		~,~		(0,7)
Sales to individuals						1,354		1,354
Interest		18,000		6,020		6,121		101
Miscellaneous		13,000	_	10.200		10,170		(30)
Total revenues		503,020	_	491,570		475,354		(16,216)
Expenditures:								
Administration		82,490		78,830		78,861		(31)
Maintenance		57,590		204,850		214,589		(9,739)
Traffic		8,610		6,390		5,521		869
Winter maintenance		12,750		20,820		20,817		3
Municipal street lighting	_	33,000	_	30,380		33,397		(3,017)
Total expenditures		194,440	_	341,270		353,185		(11,915)
Excess of revenues over								
expenditures	_	308,580		_150,300		122,169		(28,131)
Other financing uses:								
Transfers in		16,100		16,100				(16,100)
Transfers out	_	(260,000)		(226,480)		(232,073)		(5,593)
Total other financing uses (sources)		(243,900)		(210,380)		(232,073)		(21.693)
Net change in fund balance		64,680		(60,080)		(109,904)		(49,824)
Fund balance - beginning of year						384,107		
Fund balance – end of year					\$	274,203		

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

September 30, 2008

(With Comparative Figures from September 30, 2007)

		Type Activity - orise Fund		ntal Activity - Service Fund
ASSETS	τ	Jtility	Motor V	ehicle
1802.19	2008	2007	2008	2007
Current assets:				
Cash/savings accounts	\$ 11,402	\$ 123,868	\$ 19,596	\$ 44,654
Investments	134,084	781	114,584	75,312
Accounts receivable	179,257	184,737		
Due from other funds	25,000	19		5
Inventory	35,611	35,712		
Total current assets	<u>385,354</u>	345,117	134,180	119,971
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted assets:				
Cash/savings accounts		41,305		
Investments	127,400	<u>76,820</u>		
Total restricted assets	127,400	118,125		
Capital assets:				
Utility systems	14,279,534	14,227,676		
Equipment	199,356	199,356	913,272	911,603
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(3,200,453)	(2,941,307)	(779,447)	(749,275)
Total capital assets - net	11,278,437	11,485,725	133,825	162,328
Total noncurrent assets	_11,405,837	11,603,850	133,825	162,328
Total assets	<u>\$ 11,791,191</u>	<u>\$ 11,948,967</u>	<u>\$ 268,005</u>	\$ 282,299

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

September 30, 2008

(With Comparative Figures for September 30, 2007)

		Type Activity - orise <u>Fund</u>	Governmental Activity - <u>Internal Service Fund</u>		
LIABILITIES AND	U	tility	Moto	or Vehicle	
NET ASSETS	2008	2007	2008	2007	
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 21,165	\$ 9,271	\$ 671	\$ 7,747	
Accrued expenses	36,160	24,601	2,253	1,204	
Customer deposits	48,278	48,942			
Due to other funds	256,629	205,208	2,473	123	
Revenue bonds payable	105,000	105,000			
General obligation bonds payable	265,000	255,000			
Accumulated leave	19,777	17,874			
Total current liabilities	752,009	665,896	5,397	9,074	
Current liabilities payable					
from restricted assets:					
Accrued interest	10,039	5,292			
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Revenue bonds payable	1,851,011	1,956,011			
General obligation bonds payable	3,355,000	3,620,000			
Total noncurrent liabilities	5,206,011	5,576,011	<u> </u>		
Total liabilities	5,968.059	6,247,199	5,397		
Net assets:					
Invested in capital assets,					
net of related debt	5,702,426	5,549,714	133,825	162,328	
Restricted for debt service	117,361	112,833			
Unrestricted	3,345	39,221	128,783	110,897	
Total net assets	\$ 5,823,132	<u>\$ 5,701,768</u>	<u>\$ 262,608</u>	<u>\$ 273,225</u>	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2008

(With Comparative Figures for September 30, 2007)

		pe Activity - ise Fund	Governmental Activity - Internal Service Fund		
	Ut	tility	Motor	Vehicle	
	2008	2007	2008	<u>2007</u>	
Operating revenues:					
Sales	\$ 1,756,307	\$ 1,640,699	\$ 125,126	\$ 126,761	
Equipment rental			20,000	20,000	
Service charges	19,381	23,560			
Tank water	33,295	31,730			
Interest/late charges	28,751	28,094	2,827	4,017	
Miscellaneous	128,218	5,711	11,309	4,340	
State grant	<u>85,040</u>				
Total operating revenues	2,050,992	1,729,794	159. <u>262</u>	155,118	
Operating expenses:					
Administration	135,354	114,607			
Water Department	894,746	697,904			
Sewer Department	318,703	237,842			
Collection - sewer	125,359	96,865			
Wages and fringes			32,372	28,904	
Materials and supplies			52,662	38,943	
Maintenance and repairs			20,683	22,531	
Insurance			8,500	8,390	
Depreciation	259,146	261,953	52,414	52,979	
Miscellaneous			248	372	
Total operating expenses	1,733,308	1,409,171	166,879	152,119	
Operating income	- 317,684	320,623	(7,617)	2,999	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Interest expense	(171,020)	(175,535)			
Bond agent expense	(300)	(300)			
Transfers out	(50,000)	(135,000)	(3,000)	(10,000)	
Transfers in	25,000				
Total nonoperating revenues					
(expenses)	(196,320)	(310,835)	(3,000)	(10,000)	
Change in net assets	121,364	9,788	(10,617)	(7,001)	
Total net assets - beginning of year	5,701,768	5,691.980	<u>273.225</u>	280,226	
Total net assets - end of year	\$ 5,823,132	\$ _5,701,768	\$ 262,608	\$ 273,225	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2008 (With Comparative Figures for September 30, 2008)

INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Business Type Activity - Enterprise Fund		Governmental Activity - Internal Service Fund	
	\mathbf{U}^{\cdot}	tility	Motor	Vehicle
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,027,721	\$ 1,634,378	\$ 156,440	\$ 151,656
Cash paid to suppliers/employees	(1,418,182)	(950,722)	(118,142)	(92,880)
Interest received	28,751	28.094	2,827	4.017
Net cash provided by				
operating activities	638,290	711,750	41,125	62,793
Cash flows from capital and				
related financing activities:				
Capital expenditures	(51,858)		(23,911)	(47,992)
Bonds paid off	(360,000)	(350,000)		
Interest expense	(171,020)	(175,535)		
Bond agent fees	(300)	(300)		
Transfers out	(50,000)	(135,000)	(3,000)	(10,000)
Transfers in	25,000	-	-	
Net cash used in capital and				
related financing activities	(608,178)	(660,835)	(26,911)	(57,992)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	30,112	50,915	14,214	4,801
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	242,774	191,859	119,966	115,165
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 272,886	\$ 242,774	\$ 134,180	<u>\$119.966</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2008 (With Comparative Figures for September 30, 2007)

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

		ype Activity - rise Fund	Governmental Activity - <u>Internal Service Fund</u>			
	<u>Ut</u>	2007	<u>Motor</u> 2008	Vehicle 2007		
Operating income	\$ 317,684	\$ 320,623	\$ (7,617)	\$ 2,999		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation	259,146	261,953	52,414	52,979		
Change in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts						
receivable	5,480	(67,322)				
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds	(24,981)		5	555		
(Increase) decrease in inventory Increase (decrease) in accounts	101	(4,880)	J	333		
payable and other liabilities	78,957	198,882	(3,677)	6,260		
Increase (decrease) in accrued leave	1,903	2,494				
Total adjustments	320,606	391,127	48,742	59,794		
Net cash provided by						
operating activities	<u>\$ 638,290</u>	<u>\$ 711,750</u>	<u>\$ 41,125</u>	<u>\$ 62,793</u>		

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

FIDUCIARY FUNDS – AGENCY TYPE

September 30, 2008

<u>ASSETS</u>	Trust <u>And Agency</u>	<u>Payroll</u>	Garbage Collection
Cash/savings accounts Due from other funds Inventory – tags	\$	\$ 39,828 3,493	\$ 3,573 2,301
Total assets	\$	<u>\$ 43,321</u>	<u>\$ 5,874</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
Due to other funds Due to other governments Due to DDA	\$	\$ 40,000 3,310 11	\$ 5,874
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 43,321</u>	\$ 5,874
Net assets	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Village of Blissfield, Michigan have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting polices are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

The Village of Blissfield is a Michigan Municipal Corporation governed by the Village Council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component unit, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Discretely presented component unit.

Downtown Development Authority (DDA) was created as a separate legal entity under Public Act 197 of 1975 of the State of Michigan. The purpose of the DDA is to plan and develop the downtown area of the Village and to attract new businesses and residents. The governing body of DDA is appointed by the Village Council for a fixed term. The Village approves the annual budget and any capital projects of DDA. Prior approval by the Village is needed on any taxation by DDA. And, the Village's approval is needed for any borrowing done by DDA. The Downtown Development Authority is presented as a governmental fund type.

Separate financial statements for the component unit are not available.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and a major individual utility fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Amounts due from other governments and services provided associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Major Streets Fund is a Special Revenue Fund that receives State and local funding for the purpose of construction and maintenance of Village streets designated as major streets under State of Michigan Act 51 of Public Acts of 1951.

The Local Streets Fund is a Special Revenue Fund that receives State and local funding for the purpose of construction and maintenance of Village streets designated as local streets under State of Michigan Act 51 of Public Acts of 1951. Also, receives property tax revenue restricted for street improvements.

The government reports the following major proprietary fund:

The *Utility Fund* accounts for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of the Village's sewage treatment plant, pumping stations, and collection systems, and the water plant and water distribution system.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital projects other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

Special Revenue Funds (Building Inspection and Library Trust) are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

The Internal Service Fund (Motor Vehicle) accounts for equipment expense by which other government funds reimburse through equipment rental charges.

Permanent Funds (Police Equipment, Bachmayer Little League, and Clara Bachmayer Memorial Park) are fiduciary fund types used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the Village's programs – that is the benefit of the Village or its citizenry.

Fiduciary Funds – Agency Type (Trust and Agency, Payroll, and Garbage Collection) account for assets held by the Village acting as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities (utility and motor vehicle funds), subject to this same limitation. The Village has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments of utility charges between the Village's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various function concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* included 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Utility Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity.

1. Cash and investments

Cash includes amounts in cash on hand, demand deposits, except those deposits noted as investments (see below), as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

Investments include money market and certificates of deposit where the intent is to hold funds long-term, as well as investments with maturity dates over three months of the date acquired by the government.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in Obligations of the U.S. Treasury, Federal Agencies, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and State approved Investment Pools.

Investments are stated at cost or amortized cost. The Village Council will use amortized cost only when it reflects fair value of the investment. Currently, no investments are stated at amortized cost.

2. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. The Village had one advance between funds at September 30, 2008.

Personal property taxes receivable is shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property taxes are levied as of July 1 on property values assessed as of the prior December 1. The billing is mailed on July 1 and is considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual due date is September 14. A lien on property occurs when property taxes are levied (July 1). On September 14, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the government.

The Village had a general tax millage of 9.7072 for 2008. The Village's maximum allowable millage is 12.5 mills. It also levied 4.5143 mills for the general highway fund of which the maximum allowable is 5 mills.

Delinquent real property taxes are turned over to the County and reimbursed through a revolving fund. Therefore, property taxes receivable are not accounted for under the 60 day rule.

3. Inventories and prepaid items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIF0) method.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Restricted assets

Certain proceeds of utility fund revenue bonds and general obligations bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The bond interest and redemption account is used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments. The bond reserve account is used to report resources set aside to make debt service payment on bonds which would otherwise be in default.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., road, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component unit, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements	20 - 50
Buildings	50
Machinery, equipment,	
and furnishings	10 - 20
Utility systems	10 - 100
Infrastructure	20 - 100

6. Compensated absences

Employees of the Village can accumulate paid time off (PTO) up to a maximum of 150% of the number of accrued PTO hours per longevity schedule in employee contract, and employees have a vested right to 100% of accumulated paid time off in the event of death or retirement, and have a 50% vested right to accumulative sick leave.

The current portion (the amount normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources) of accrued sick and PTO are shown as a liability and expenditure in the applicable governmental fund types. The entire accrued sick and PTO pay related to governmental fund types is reported in the government-wide statements.

In the proprietary funds as well as in the government-wide statements, the vested sick and PTO pay are recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees.

7. Long-term obligations

In the governmental-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize any bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund halance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary information

The accounting basis used by the Village for budgeting is in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The Village follows the budgetary procedures outlined by the State of Michigan including public hearings and proper adoption. All funds of the Village have a budget. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The budgets are amended during the year as needed.

B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations in budgetary funds

P.A. 621 of 1978, Section 18(1), as amended, of the State of Michigan provides that a local governmental unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated.

In the body of the financial statements, the Village's actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures for the budgetary funds have been shown on an activity basis. The approved budgets of the Village for these budgetary funds were adopted to the activity level.

During the year ended September 30, 2008, the Village incurred expenditures in several funds which were in excess of the amounts appropriated, as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Appropriations	Amount of Expenditures	Budget <u>Variance</u>
General Fund			
General Government:			
Administrator	\$ 29,960	\$ 30,423	\$ 463
Professional service	29,000	30,343	1,343
Public safety:			
Police	517,200	525,344	8,144
Public Works:			
Public improvements	9,970	10,268	298
Public Works Department	54,310	55,675	1,365
Culture - Recreation:			
Library	171,000	171,739	739
Festival/recreation	41,240	42,872	1,632
Urban forestry	111,630	115,647	4,017
Major Street Fund:			
Maintenance	78,640	80,376	1,736
Traffic	8,200	8,473	273
Municipal street lighting	24,890	27,181	2,291
Local Street Fund:			
Administration	78,830	78,861	31
Maintenance	204,850	214,589	9,739
Municipal street lighting	30,380	33,397	3,017

These additional expenditures were funded by greater than anticipated revenues. Several funds had actual expenditures exceeding budget.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and investments

As of September 30, 2008, the Village had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type	<u>Fair Value</u>	Investment Matures (In Years) <u>0 - 5</u>
Savings, Money Market Certificates of Deposit	\$ 1.972,428	<u>\$ 1.972,428</u>

Interest Rate Risk – Currently, the Village limits this risk by baving many of the above investments with short term maturities; many have less than one year.

Credit Risk – The Village limits credit risk by allowing investments and deposits only in certificates of deposit, money market accounts, savings accounts, and checking accounts.

Concentrations of Credit Risk – The Village's investment policy does not limit the amount of investment with any one issuer. The Village has approximately 34% of its deposits with Blissfield State Bank and 45% with LaSalle Bank at September 30, 2008. LaSalle Bank held 47% of the Village's investments, Blissfield State Bank held 32% of the investments, and United Bank and Trust held 21% of the investments at September 30, 2008. In the majority of cases, one of these three banks account for the majority of investments or deposits in a particular fund of the Village.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the deposits or investments may not be fully returned to the Village. Neither the Village nor the discretely presented component unit have a policy limiting custodial credit risk, other than authorizing the depositories used. As of September 30, 2008, the Village's total bank balance of \$741,641 had exposure to custodial credit risk on \$441,641 of this balance because it was uninsured.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments - As of September 30, 2008, the investments of the Village totaled \$1,972,428. Of this balance \$1,672,428 was exposed to custodial credit risk because they were uninsured.

VILLAGE OF BLISSFIELD, MICHIGAN NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year end for the government's individual major and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	<u>General</u>	Major <u>Streets</u>	Local Streets	Utility <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Receivables: Accounts Special assessments	\$ 53,771	\$ 2,816	\$ <u>81,336</u>	\$ 179,257	\$ 233,028 <u>84,152</u>	
Gross receivables	53,771	2,816	81,336	179,257	317,180	
Less: Allowance for uncollectibles						
Net total receivables	<u>\$ 53.771</u>	\$ 2,816	\$ 81,336	<u>\$ 179,257</u>	\$ 317,180	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

C. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2008 was as follows:

Primary Government

	Beginning <u>Balance</u> <u>Increases</u>		Decreases	Ending <u>Balance</u>		
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	<u>\$ 298.271</u>	\$	<u>s</u>	<u>\$ 298.271</u>		
Total eapital assets, not being depreciated	298.271			298.271		
Capital assets, being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Equipment, furniture, and books Infrastructure	861,918 1,028,935 1,545,529 11,193.955	23,911	(22,242)	861,918 1,028,935 1,547,198 11.193.955		
Total capital assets, being depreciated	14,630,337	23.911	(22.242)	<u>14.632,006</u>		
Less: Accumulated depreciation for: Land improvements Buildings Equipment, furniture, and books Infrastructure	(303,457) (625,286) (1,211,922) (6.563,338)	(20,902) (20,678) (91,678) (594,624)	22,242	(324,359) (645,964) (1,281,358) (7,157,962)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(8.704.003)	(727.882)	22,242	(9,409,643)		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	5.926.334	(703,971)	-	5.222.363		
Governmental activities, capital assets – net	<u>\$ 6,224,605</u>	<u>\$ (703.971)</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 5,520,634		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	Decreases	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Business-type activities: Capital assets, being depreciated: Utility systems Equipment	\$ 14,227,676 199,356	\$ 51,859	\$	\$ 14,279,535 199.356
Total capital assets, being depreciated	14.427,032	51.859		<u>14.478.891</u>
Less: Accumulated depreciation for: Utility systems Equipment	(2,789,822) (151,485)	(247,339) (11,807)		(3,037,161) (163.292)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2.941.307)	(259.146)		(3,200,453)
Total capital assets, being depreciated – net	<u>\$ 11.485,725</u>	\$ (207,287)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 11.278,438</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities: General government Public safety Culture and recreation Highways and streets	\$ 25,234 27,355 79,971 595,322
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	<u>\$ 727,882</u>
Business-type activities: Utility systems	<u>\$ 259.146</u>
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	<u>\$ 259,146</u>

Construction commitments

The government has no active construction commitments as of September 30, 2008.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Discretely presented component unit:

Capital asset activity for the Downtown Development Authority (DDA) for the year ended September 30, 2008 was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	Decreases	Ending <u>Balance</u>	
Capital assets, being depreciated: Land improvements – parking lots Less: Accumulated depreciation for: Land improvements –	\$ 869,885	\$	\$	\$ 869,885	
parking lots	(183,444)	(17,397)		(200,841)	
DDA capital assets - net	\$ 686,441	\$ (17.397)	<u>s </u>	\$ 669,044	

D. Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers

Primary Government

Due to/froin other funds:

<u>Fund</u>	Interfund <u>Receivable</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Interfund <u>Payable</u>
General	\$ 52,283	Motor Vehicle Police Trust Payroll Utility Garbage	\$ 2,350 3,014 40,000 1,045 5,874
Local Street Capital projects	184,384 70,000	Utility Utility	184,384 70,000
Payroll	3,493	General Major Street Utility Motor Vehicle	1,627 267 1,200 123
Utility	25.000	Local Street	<u>25,276</u>
Total primary government	<u>\$ 335,160</u>		\$ 335,160

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Component Unit

Due to/from other funds:

<u>Fund</u>		Interfund Receivable	<u>Fund</u>	Interfund <u>Pavable</u>		
]	General DDA Capital projects	\$ 47,000 11 23,000	DDA Payroll DDA	\$ 47,000 11 23,000		
	Total component unit	<u>\$ 70,011</u>		\$ 70,011		

Advance to/from other funds:

Fund	Advance <u>Receivable</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Advance <u>Pavable</u>
Local street	\$ 112,000	General	<u>\$ 112,000</u>

Terms on this loan/advance (original amount of \$160,000) are - ten (10) year payback period with annual payment of \$16,100 (including interest at 0.1%), commencing March 31, 2006. Proceeds from this advance were used to purchase property.

Interfund transfers:

		<u>Transfers In</u>						
Transfers out:	General	Major <u>Street</u>	Capital Projects	Debt <u>Service</u>	<u>Utility</u>	<u>Total</u>		
Utility Local street Little League Clara Bachmayer Major street General Motor Vehicle	\$ 1,574 2,236	\$ 23,208	\$ 50,000 22,000 10,000 15,000 3,000	\$ 161,865 45,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 50,000 232,073 1,574 2,236 55,000 15,000 3,000		
3	\$ 3,810	\$ 23,208	\$ 100,000	<u>\$ 206,865</u>	\$ 25,000	\$_358,883		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

E. Long-term debt

General Obligation Bonds

The Village has issued general obligation bonds to finance capital improvements related to streets, parking lots, and utility systems. The original amount of general obligation bonds issued in prior years was \$5,500,000. During the year, general obligation bonds and purchase contract totaling \$3,150,000 were issued.

Also, Downtown Development Authority (DDA) has issued a limited general obligation bond issue for \$685,000 for construction of parking lots.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds and contract purchase are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			<u>B</u>	Business-Type Activities			Component Unit - DDA				
Year Ending September 30	<u> P</u>	rincipal		Interest]	Principal		Interest	<u>P1</u>	rincipal	<u>I</u> 1	nterest
2009	\$	115,000	\$	114,320	\$	265,000	\$	90,500	\$	64,041	\$	31,855
2010		120,000		110,525		270,000		83,875		69,775		27,972
2011		125,000		106,325		275,000		77,125		75,536		23,711
2012		130,000		101,700		285,000		70,250		81,327		19,070
2013		135,000		96,630		290,000		63,125		82,146		13,989
2014 - 2018		780,000		393,290		1,555,000		203,500		125,000		13,490
2019 - 2023		570,000		128,920		680,000		25,625				
2024 – 2025	_	220.000	_	11,220				·			_	
	<u>\$</u>	2.195,000	\$	1.062,930	<u>\$</u>	3.620.000	\$	614.000	\$	497,825	<u>\$_</u>	130,087

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Village. General obligation bonds and purchase contract currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose:	Interest Rate	Amount
Governmental activities Business-type activities	3.73% - 4.48% 2.5%	\$ 2,195,000 3,620,000
Total - Primary Government		\$ 5,815,000
Component unit (DDA)	3.73% - 6.965%	497,825
Total		\$ <u>6,312,825</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The Village also has issued bonds where the Village has pledged income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. In prior years, the Village has issued revenue bonds totaling \$2,716,033 to finance construction projects for both the water and wastewater systems.

Revenue bonds outstanding at September 30, 2008 are as follows:

Purpose:	Interest Rate	<u>Amount</u>			
Wastewater Treatment Plant improvements Water System improvements	5.1436% 2.5%	\$ 790,000 1,166.011			
Total		\$ 1,956.011			

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows

Year Ending September 30	<u>I</u>	Principa <u>l</u>]	<u>Interest</u>
2009	\$	105,000	\$	70,181
2010		110,000		67,056
2011		115,000		63,731
2012		115,000		60,166
2013		120,000		56,600
2014 - 2018		675,000		222,994
2019 - 2023		481,011		113,332
2024 – 2027		235,000		31,460
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,956,011	\$	685,520

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

CHANGES IN LONG TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2008 was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities: General obligation bonds Accrued siek and	\$ 2,305,000	\$	\$ 110,000	\$ 2,195,000	\$ 115,000
vacation	<u>93.004</u>		2.960	90.044	64.532
Governmental activity - long-term liability	\$_2,398,004	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 112,960	\$ 2,285,044	<u>\$ 179.532</u>
Business-type activities: General obligation bonds Revenue bonds Total bonds payable	\$ 3,875,000 	\$ 	\$ 255,000 105,000 360,000	\$ 3,620,000 1.956.011 5,576,011	\$ 265,000 105.000 370,000
Accrued sick and vacation	17.874	1.903		19.777	19,777
Business-type activity - long-term liability	\$ _ 5.953,885	\$ <u>L,903</u>	\$ 360,000	<u>\$ 5.595.788</u>	\$ 389.777

CHANGES IN LONG TERM LIABILITIES

Component unit (DDA):

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Component unit – long term liabilities	<u>\$ 556,161</u>	\$	\$ 58,336	\$ 497,825	\$64.041

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

F. Segment information

The Village maintains two Utility Systems which provide water and sewer services. Segment information for the year ended September 30, 2008 is as follows:

	<u>Water</u>	Sewer	Total
Operating revenues	\$ 1,066,516	\$ 984,476	\$ 2,050,992
Depreciation expense and amortization	202,031	57,115	259,146
Operating income	(97,938)	415,622	317,684
Net income	(223,105)	344,469	121,364
Property, plant, and equipment additions	51,859		51,859
Net working capital	(98,461)	76,806	(21,655)
Total assets	7,444,661	4,346,530	11,791,191
Bonds and other long term liabilities: Payable from operating revenues	4,786,011	790,000	5,576,011
Total net assets	\$ 2,390,081	\$ 3,433,051	\$ 5,823,132

NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION

Retirement Plan

A. Plan description

The Village contributes to the Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS), an agent multiemployer defined benefit pension plan, which provides retirement benefits to all full-time employees of the Village. MERS is administered by its Board of Trustees. The actuary for the System is the Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company. The Municipal Employees' Retirement Act of 1984, as amended by 1996 Public Act 220 of the State of Michigan, assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plans that participate in MERS to the respective employer entities; for the Village of Blissfield, that authority rests with the Village. The Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Michigan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for MERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Michigan, 447 North Canal Road, Lansing, Michigan 48917.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

B. Funding policy

Employees make no contributions to the MERS Plan. The Village is required to contribute the actuarially determined amount each year. The current contribution rate is 11.6% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of the Village of Blissfield are established and may be amended by the Board of Trustees of MERS.

C. Annual pension cost

For the year ended September 30, 2008, the Village's required annual pension contribution was \$112,719. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2005 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included -

- [a] 8.0% investment rate of return,
- [b] projected salary increases of 4.5% per year compounded annually,

The actuarial value of MERS' assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short term volatility in the market value of investments over a five year period.

The unfunded actuarial accrual liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The amortization period is 29 years.

Three Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Required <u>Contribution (ARC)</u>	Percentage of ARC Recognized	Net Pension Obligation
6/30/06	90,697	100%	-0-
6/30/07	106,601	100%	-0-
6/30/08	112.719	100%	-0 -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. Actuarial Accrued Liability (as of 12/31/07)

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated employees not yet receiving benefits Current employees	\$ 688,412 15,690
Accumulated employee contributions including allocated investment income Employer financed	334,388 1,636,139
Total Actuarial Accrued Liability	2,674,629
Net Assets Available for Benefits at Actuarial Value	 2,370,943
(Market Value is \$2,398,601)	
Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 303,686

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

September 30, 2008

VILLAGE'S DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (MERS)

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) [b-a]	Funded Ratio [a/b]	Covered Payroll [c]	uaal as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
12/31/03	\$ 1,689,353	\$ 2,022,091	\$ 332,738	83.5%	\$ 756,260	44.0%
12/31/04	1,821,268	2,166,171	344,903	84.1%	783,506	44.0%
12/31/05	1,972,761	2,365,724	392,963	83.3%	797,967	49.2%
12/31/06	2,159,162	2,469,811	310,649	87.4%	895,859	34.6%
12/31/07	2,370,943	2,674,629	303,686	88.6%	913,902	33.2%

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2008

	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Eunds</u>	\$ 119,034 378,039 70,000 23,000	\$ 590,073	\$ 1,456	4,470	22,207 36,000 51,000	202,748 6,220 267,430	585,603	\$ 590,073
	Total	\$ 841	\$ 112,847	3,014	3,014	22,207 36,000 51,000	626	109,833	\$ 112,847
TFUNDS	Clara Bachmayer <u>Memorial Park</u>	\$ 365	\$ 51,365	so		51,000	365	51,365	\$ 51,365
PERMANENT FUNDS	Bachmayer Little League	\$ 261	\$ 36,261	se		36,000		36,261	\$ 36,261
	Police Equipment	\$ 215	\$ 25,221	\$ 3,014	3,014	22,207		22,207	\$ 25.221
SON	Total	\$ 24,269 243,991	\$ 268,260	\$ 1,456	1,456		266,804	266,804	\$ 268,260
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	Library	\$ 18,255 243,991	\$ 262,246	69	5		262,246	262,246	\$ 262,246
SPECIA	Building Inspection	\$ 6,014	\$ 6,014	\$ 1,456	1,456		4,558	4,558	\$ 6,014
DEBT SERVICE	Debt Service	\$ 6,220	\$ 6,220	69			6,220	6,220	\$ 6,220
CAPITAL	PROJECTS Capital Projects	\$ 87,704 22,042 70,000 23,000	\$ 202,746	65			202,746	202,746	\$ 202,746
		ASSET'S: Cash Investments Due from other funds Due from component unit	Total assets	CLABILITIES: Aecounts payable Due to other funds	Total liabilities	FUND BALANCES: Reserved for police Equipment Reserved for little league Reserved for Memorial Park Reserved for Memorial	projects Reserved for Debt Service Unreserved, undesignated	Total fund balances	fotal liabilities and fund balanees

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2008

	l otal Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	\$ 16,419 29,774 5,129	22,465	76,987	44,198	110,000	271,719	; (194,732)	306,865	108,323	477,280	\$ 585,603
	Total	\$ 4,909		4,909				4,909	(3.810)	1,099	108,734	\$ 109,833
FUNDS	Clara Bachmayer <u>Memorial Park</u>	\$ 2,244		2,244				2,244	(2,236)	8	51,357	\$ 51,365
PERMANENT FUNDS	Bachmayer Little League	\$ 1,580		1,580				1,580	(1,574)	9	36,255	\$ 36,261
	Police Equipment	\$ 1,085		1,085				1,085		1,085	21,122	\$ 22,207
NNDS	Total	\$ 9,769 29,774 5,129	22,465	70,337	44,198		64,854	5,483		5,483	261,321	\$ 266,804
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	Library	\$ 9,441 29,774 5,129	3,200	47,544	20.656		20,656	26,888		26,888	235,358	\$ 262,246
SPECIA	Building Inspection	\$ 328	22,465	22,793	44,198		44,198	(21,405)		(21,405)	25.963	\$ 4,558
DEBT SERVICE	Debt Service	\$ 177		177		110,000	206,865	(206,688)	206,865	177	6,043	\$ 6.220
CAPITAL	Capital Projects	\$ 1,564		1,564				1,564	100,000	101,564	101,182	\$ 202.746
		Revenues: Interest Gifts Fines Licenses, fees and charges	for services: Fee revenue Miscellaneous	Total revenues	Expenditures: Current: Public safety: Inspections Culture and recreation: Library	Debt Service:: Principal Interest and agent fees	Total expenditures	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	Other fluancing sources: Transfers in Transfers out	Net change in fund balances	Fund balanccs – beginning of year	Fund balances – end of year

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – $\tt BUDGET$ AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	Variance with Final Budget -				
	Original Final			Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Interest	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,570</u>	<u>\$ 1.564</u>	\$ (6)		
Total revenues		1.570	1,564	(6)		
Expenditures: Miscellaneous						
Total expenditures						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		1.570	1,564	(6)		
Other financing sources: Transfers in	100,000	100,000	100,000			
Net change in fund balance	100,000	101,570	101,564	(6)		
Fund balance - beginning of year			101.182			
Fund balance - end of year			<u>\$ 202,746</u>			

DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	Variance with Final Budget -		
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Interest	<u>s - </u>	<u>\$ 180</u>	<u>\$ 177</u>	<u>\$ (3)</u>
Total revenues		180	<u> </u>	(3)
Expenditures:				
Debt Service:				
Principal	110,000	110,000	110,000	
Interest	117,730	96,870	96,865	5
Bond agent fees	500			
Total expenditures	228.230	206.870	206.865	5
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(228,230)	(206,690)	(206,688)	2
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in	229.000	207,880	206.865	(1.015)
Net change in fund balance	770	1,190	177	(1,013)
Net change in fully balance	770	1,150	1//	(1,013)
Fund balance - beginning of year			6,043	
Fund balance – end of year			\$ 6.220	

BUILDING INSPECTION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgete	Variance with		
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Miscellaneous: Fee revenue Interest	\$ 40,000 	\$ 22,500 330	\$ 22,465 328	\$ (35) (2)
Total revenues	40,200	22,830	22,793	(37)
Expenditures: Inspections	40,040	46.140	44.198	1.942
Net change in fund balance	160	(23,310)	(21,405)	1,905
Fund balance - beginning of year			25.963	
Fund balance end of year			<u>\$ 4.558</u>	

LIBRARY TRUST SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – $\tt BUDGET$ AND ACTUAL

	Budgete	Variance with Final Budget -		
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Gifts Fines Interest Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 3,600 10,000 2,500 16,100	\$ 29,780 5,130 9,440 3,210 47,560	\$ 29,774 5,129 9,441 3.200	\$ (6) (1) 1 (10) (16)
Expenditures: Culture and recreation Library	64.950	25.430	20.656	4.774
Net change in fund balance	(48,850)	22,130	26,888	4,758
Fund balance - beginning of year			235.358	
Fund balance - end of year			<u>\$ 262.246</u>	

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS

September 30, 2008

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:

The Village has constructed a new water treatment plant. The construction costs for the plant are being funded by two bond issues – an Unlimited Tax General Obligation Bond Issue of \$5,500,000 and a Water Supply System Revenue Bond Issue of \$971,033.

Also, the Village has an additional bond issue a (Water Supply System Revenue Bond Issue of \$750,000) to fund nitrate removal equipment at the new water treatment plant.

These bond issues were purchased by the Michigan Municipal Bond Authority under the Drinking Water Revolving Fund. Under the purchase contract, the Village will receive the principal proceeds as loan draw-downs as the construction costs are incurred.

\$5,500,000

VILLAGE OF BLISSFIELD COUNTY OF LENAWEE, STATE OF MICHIGAN

UNLIMITED TAX GENERAL OBLIGATION WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM BONDS

SEPTEMBER 29, 1998 2,50%

Payment <u>Date</u>	Principal <u>Due</u>	Interest Rate		Interest Due		Fiscal Ycar Total
10/1/08	<u> </u>		\$	45,250.00	\$	
04/1/09	265,000.00	2.50%	3	45,250.00	5	355,500.00
10/1/09	203,000.00	2.5070		41,937.50		333,300.00
04/1/10	270,000.00	2.50%		41,937.50		353,875.00
10/1/10	270,000.00	2.5070		38,562.50		333,673.00
04/1/11	275,000.00	2 50%		38,562.50		352,125.00
10/1/11	273,000.00	2 3070		35,125.00		332,123.00
04/1/12	285,000.00	2.50%		35,125.00		355,250.00
10/1/12	205,000.00	2.5070		31,562 50		333,230.00
04/1/13	290,000.00	2.50%		31,562.50		353,125 00
10/1/13	2,0,000.00	2,50,0		27,937.50		000,120 00
04/1/14	295,000.00	2.50%		27,937.50		350,875.00
10/1/14	27.7,7.7.7			24,250.00		250,012700
04/1/15	305,000.00	2.50%		24,250.00		353,500.00
10/1/15	,			20,437.50		,
04/1/16	310,000.00	2.50%		20,437.50		350,875.00
10/1/16				16,562.50		,.
04/1/17	320,000.00	2.50%		16,562.50		353,125.00
10/1/17				12,562.50		•
04/1/18	325,000.00	2.50%		12,562.50		350,125.00
10/1/18				8,500.00		
04/1/19	335,000 00	2.50%		8,500.00		352,000.00
10/1/19				4,312.50		
04/1/20	345,000.00	2.50%		4,312.50		353,625.00
10/1/20				0.00		
	\$ 3,620,000.00		\$	614.000.00	<u>\$</u>	4.234.000 00

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS

September 30, 2008

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:

\$971,033

VILLAGE OF BLISSFIELD COUNTY OF LENAWEE, STATE OF MICHIGAN

WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM REVENUE BONDS SERIES 2000

SEPTEMBER 29, 1998

2.50%

Payment <u>Date</u>	Principal <u>Due</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Interest <u>Due</u>	Fiscal Year <u>Total</u>
10/1/08	\$		\$ 7,950.41	\$
04/1/09	45,000.00	2.50%	7,950.41	60,900.82
10/1/09			7,387.91	
04/1/10	50,000.00	2.50%	7,387.91	64,775.82
10/1/10			6,762.91	
04/1/11	50,000.00	2.50%	6,762.91	63,525.82
10/1/11			6,137.91	
04/1/12	50,000.00	2.50%	6,137.91	62,275.82
10/1/12			5,512.91	
04/1/13	50,000.00	2.50%	5,512.91	61,025.82
10/1/13			4,887.91	
04/1/14	55,000.00	2.50%	4,887.91	64,775.82
10/1/14			4,200.41	
04/1/15	55,000.00	2.50%	4,200.41	63,400.82
10/1/15			3,512.91	
04/1/16	55,000.00	2.50%	3,512.91	62,025.82
10/1/16			2,825.41	
04/1/17	60,000.00	2.50%	2,825.41	65,650.82
10/1/17			2,075.41	
04/1/18	60,000.00	2.50%	2,075.41	64,150.82
10/1/18			1,325.41	
04/1/19	60,000.00	2.50%	1,325.41	62,650.82
10/1/19			575.41	
04/1/20	46,033.00	2.50%	575.41	47,183.82
10/1/20			0.00	
	\$ 636.033.00		<u>\$ 106.309.84</u>	\$ 742,342.84

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS

September 30, 2008

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:

\$750,000

VILLAGE OF BLISSFIELD COUNTY OF LENAWEE, STATE OF MICHIGAN

WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM REVENUE BONDS

SERIES 2001

FINAL SCHEDULE OF PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

Payment <u>Date</u>	Principal <u>Due</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Interest <u>Due</u>	Fiscal Year <u>Total</u>
10/1/08	\$	2.500%	\$ 7,062.50	\$
04/1/09	35,000.00		7,062.50	49,125.00
10/1/09		2.500%	6,625.00	,
04/1/10	35,000.00		6,625.00	48,250.00
10/1/10		2.500%	6,187.50	
04/1/11	35,000.00		6,187.50	47,375.00
10/1/11		2.500%	5,750.00	
04/1/12	35,000.00		5,750.00	46,500.00
10/1/12		2.500%	5,312.50	
04/1/13	40,000.00		5,312.50	50,625.00
10/1/13		2.500%	4,812.50	
04/1/14	40,000.00		4,812.50	49,625.00
10/1/14		2.500%	4.312.50	
04/1/15	40,000.00		4,312.50	48,625.00
10/1/15		2.500%	3,812.50	
04/1/16	40,000.00		3,812.50	47,625.00
10/1/16		2.500%	3,312.50	
04/1/17	40,000.00		3,312.50	46,625.00
10/1/17		2.500%	2,812.50	
04/1/18	45,000.00		2,812.50	50,625.00
10/1/18		2.500%	2,250.00	
04/1/19	45,000.00		2,250.00	49,500.00
10/1/19		2.500%	1,687.50	
04/1/20	45,000.00		1,687.50	48,375.00
10/1/20		2.500%	1,125.00	
04/1/21	45,000.00		1,125.00	47,250.00
10/1/21		2.500%	562.50	
04/1/22	<u>9,978.00</u>		<u>562.50</u>	<u>11.103.00</u>
	\$ 529,978,00		\$ 111.250.00	<u>\$_641.228.00</u>

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS

September 30, 2008

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:

In 1998-99, the Village paid off the balance of the Wastewater Treatment Revenue Bonds, dated June 1, 1987, with the new Revenue Refunding Bonds. Principal balance on this new issue is \$995,000. A schedule of projected bond payments (including interest) is as follows:

SCHEDULE OF BONDED DEBT

\$995,000

VILLAGE OF BLISSFIELD COUNTY OF LENAWEE, STATE OF MICHIGAN

WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT IMPROVEMENT REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS, 1998 SERIES

5.1436%

	Principal			Principal	
	Due	Total		Due	Total
<u>Year</u>	<u>July I</u>	<u>P& I</u>	<u>Year</u>	July 1	<u>P&I</u>
2009	\$ 25,000	\$ 65,155	2019	\$ 40,000	\$ 64,180
2010	25,000	64,030	2020	45,000	67,100
2011	30,000	67,830	2021	45,000	64,760
2012	30,000	66,390	2022	50,000	67,420
2013	30,000	64,950	2023	50,000	64,820
2014	35,000	68,510	2024	55,000	67,220
2015	35,000	66,830	2025	55,000	64,360
2016	35,000	65,045	2026	60,000	66,500
2017	40,000	68,260	2027	65,000	68,380
2018	40,000	66,220			
				<u>\$ 790,000</u>	<u>\$.1.257.960</u>

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS

September 30, 2008

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:

The Village issued a \$3,000,000 bond issue to finance certain capital improvements to the water, sanitary sewer, and storm water systems and improvements to certain strects. The bond issue has an average interest cost of 4.47942% annually.

The required debt payments follow:

\$3,000,000

VILLAGE OF BLISSFIELD COUNTY OF LENAWEE, STATE OF MICHIGAN

2003 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT BONDS LIMITED TAX GENERAL OBLIGATION

Payment <u>Date</u>	Principal <u>Due</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>		Interest <u>Due</u>		Total <u>Pavment</u>		Fiscal Year <u>Total</u>
10/1/08	\$		\$	57,160.00	\$	57,160.00	\$	
04/1/09	115,000.00	3.300%		57,160.00		172,160.00		229,320.00
10/1/09				55,262 50		55,262.50		
04/1/10	120,000.00	3.500%		55,262.50		175,262.50		230,525.00
10/1/10				53,162.50		53,162.50		
04/1/11	125,000.00	3.700%		53,162.50		178,162.50		231,325.00
10/1/11				50,850.00		50,850.00		
04/1/12	130,000.00	3.900%		50,850.00		180,850.00		231,700.00
10/1/12				48,315.00		48,315.00		
04/1/13	135,000.00	4.000%		48,315.00		183,315.00		231,630.00
10/1/13				45,615.00		45,615.00		
04/1/14	140,000.00	4.100%		45,615.00		185,615.00		231,230.00
10/1/14				42,745.00		42,745.00		
04/1/15	155,000.00	4.200%		42,745.00		197,745.00		240,490.00
10/1/15				39,490.00		39,490.00		
04/1/16	155,000.00	4.300%		39,490.00		194,490.00		233,980.00
10/1/16				36,157.50		36,157.50		
04/1/17	160,000.00	4.400%		36,157.50		196,157.50		232,315.00
10/1/17				32,637.50		32,637.50		
04/1/18	170,000.00	4.500%		32,637.50		202,637.50		235,275 00
10/1/18				28,812.50		28,812.50		
04/1/19	175,000.00	4.600%		28,812.50		203,812.50		232,625.00
10/1/19				24,787.50		24,787.50		
04/1/20	185,000.00	4.700%		24,787.50		209,787.50		234,575.00
10/1/20								
04/1/21	195,000.00*							
10/1/21								
04/1/22	200,000.00*							
10/1/22				10,860.00		10,860.00		
04/1/23	210,000.00	5.000%		10,860.00		220,860.00		231,720.00
10/1/23				5,610.00		5,610.00		
04/1/24	220,000.00	5.100%		5,610.00		225,610.00	_	<u>231,220.00</u>
	\$ 2.195,000.00		<u>\$</u>	1.062,930.00	<u>s_</u>	3,257,930.00	<u>\$</u>	3.257,930.00

^{*}Not added to total. Paid in fiscal year 2003-2004.

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS

September 30, 2008

COMPONENT UNIT:

The Downtown Development Authority (DDA) borrowed funds under Act 99 of P.A. 1933 to finance the Newspaper Street Parking Lot Project. Total loan is \$150,000 at a 3.73% interest rate.

A payment schedule follows:

\$150,000

VILLAGE OF BLISSFIELD

MUNICIPAL PURCHASE CONTRACT

DECEMBER 31, 2003

Payment <u>Due</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Fiscal Year <u>Total</u>
8/29/2009	\$ 15,193.00	\$ 3,052.91	\$ 18,245.91
8/29/2010	15,759.70	2,486.21	18,245.91
8/29/2011	16,347.54	1,898.73	18,246.27
8/29/2012	16,957.30	1,288.61	18,245.91
8/29/2013	<u>17,589.80</u>	656.10	<u> 18,245.90</u>
	\$ 81,847.34	<u>\$. 9.382.56</u>	\$ 91,229.90

The Downtown Development Authority (DDA) may, at its option, prepay the Agreement on any payment due date without premium or penalty.

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS

September 30, 2008

COMPONENT UNIT:

The Downtown Development Authority (DDA) borrowed additional funds under Act 99 of P.A. 1933 to finance the Newspaper Street Parking Lot. The loan is \$34,885 at 4.33% interest.

A payment schedule follows:

\$34,885

VILLAGE OF BLISSFIELD

MUNICIPAL PURCHASE CONTRACT

AUGUST 29, 2007

Payment <u>Due</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Fiscal Year <u>Total</u>
8/29/2009	\$ 3,848.17	\$ 907.33	\$ 4,755.50
8/29/2010	4,014.61	740.89	4,755.50
8/29/2011	4,188.24	567.26	4,755.50
8/29/2012	4,369.38	386.12	4,755.50
8/29/2013	4,558.28	<u> </u>	4,755.43
	<u>\$ 20,978,68</u>	\$ 2,798.75	\$ 23,777.43

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS

September 30, 2008

COMPONENT UNIT:

The Downtown Development Authority (a component unit of the Village) has issued a limited general obligation bond issue, dated December 1, 1994, for construction of parking lots. The bond issue for \$685,000 has an average interest rate of 6.965%.

The schedule of bond payments follows:

\$685,000

VILLAGE OF BLISSFIELD

DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT BONDS, SERIES 1994

DECEMBER 1, 1994

(LIMITED TAX GENERAL OBLIGATION)

Payment <u>Date</u>	Principal <u>Due</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Interest <u>Due</u>]	Fiscal Year <u>Total</u>
4-1-09	\$ 45,000.00	7.000%	\$ 27,895.00	\$	72,895.00
4-1-10	50,000.00	7.000%	24,745.00		74,745.00
4-1-11	55,000.00	7.000%	21,245.00		76,245.00
4-1-12	60,000.00	7.100%	17,395.00		77,395.00
4-1-13	60,000.00	7.100%	13,135.00		73,135.00
4-1-14	60,000.00	7.100%	8,875.00		68,875.00
4-1-15	65,000.00	7.100%	4,615.00		69,615.00
	<u>\$ 395,000.00</u>		<u>\$ 117,905.00</u>	<u>\$.</u> _	512,905.00



December 16, 2008

Village Council Village of Blissfield Blissfield, Michigan

We appreciate the opportunity to conduct your audit this year. We are writing to you as we complete the audit to communicate any control deficiencies we identified during the audit and whether these deficiencies (if any) are determined to be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Village of Blissfield, Michigan, for period ending September 30, 2008, we applied generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS) as we considered your internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures. We did this for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of your internal controls. Accordingly, as a part of your audit, we are not expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of your internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose of conducting your organization's audit and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. It is important to not that control deficiencies are not necessarily problems you will choose to address, however, they do represent potential risks. Our job as your auditors is to ensure that you understand where you have these deficiencies or weaknesses so that you can make informed business decisions on how best to respond to these risks.

Significant Deficiencies

A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects your entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of your financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by your internal control. During our audit we found one significant deficiency in internal control.

Material Weaknesses

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by your internal control. During our audit we found no material weaknesses.

Finding considered a significant deficiency

Criteria:

Effective for the year ended September 30, 2007, Statement of Auditing Standards #112 titled Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit (issued May 2006), required us to communicate in writing when a client requires assistance to prepare the footnotes required in the annual audit report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Page 2

Village Council Village of Blissfield Blissfield, Michigan

Condition

Currently, the Village staff prepares the interim financial reports and assists the external auditor in the preparation of the annual audit report.

Cause

The staff of the Village does understand all information included in the annual financial statements; however, assistance of the external auditor was utilized in preparing the footnotes to the financial statements.

Effect

Utilization of the external auditor in preparing the footnotes to the financial statements assists management with the external financial reporting responsibility, to ensure their financial statements are accurate.

Recommendation

At this time, we recommend no changes to this situation and communicate this as required by professional standards. The current process meets the definition of a significant deficiency as defined in Statement on Auditing Standards #112.

Client Response

We are aware of this deficiency and believe it is not cost beneficial in our situation to develop this expertise. We will continue to use our external auditors for this technical assistance. We would expect this situation to be ongoing in future years.

Robertson, Eaton & Owen, P.C.

December 16, 2008